



## OF CONTINGENCY

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### ABSTRACT:

Life is a collection of numerous moments. Life is a set. Any moment is a subset of life the bigger set. All moments may or may not face identical event. In reality every event is unique in nature. So man must remain prepared with all possible, impossible, certain, uncertain, unheard, unexpected, unprecedented events. A judicious person is cautious of various outcomes and faces them successfully through his trained brain. In contrast a fool experiences massacre in its various forms and features pathetically.

### KEYWORDS:

**CONTINGENCY, FUTURE EVENT, UNCERTAINTY, INCIDENTAL EXPENSE, NEGATIVE EVENT.**

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### INTRODUCTION:

Creative writing is based more on manifestation rather than on expression. It does not inform, rather it reveals. So it bears no reference. The best creative writing is critical, and the best critical writing is creative. This article is an outcome of thinking about creative writing meant for a general readership. As such, I have adopted a free style methodology so that everyone can enjoy the pleasure of reading. As you might know, Francis Bacon (1561-1626), the immortal essayist, wrote many essays namely 'Of Love', 'Of Friendship', 'Of Ambition', 'Of Studies', and so on. The multiple-minded genius correctly pointed out that all the words of the dictionary can be used as themes for essays. But little has been done since his death to continue or finish his monumental task. Bacon's unique individual style of presentation ignited my imagination and encouraged me to write creative essays as a method of relieving a wide range of emotions through catharsis.

### ARTICLE

Contingency is a future event or circumstance which is possible but cannot be predicted with certainty e.g. a detailed contract which attempts to provide for all possible contingencies.

It is an event, such as an emergency, that may but is not certain to occur e.g. trying to provide for every contingency.

It is something liable to happen as an adjunct to or result of something else e.g. the contingencies of war.

It is something that might possibly happen in the future, usually causing problems or making further arrangements necessary. For example: You must be able to deal with all possible contingencies.

It is an incidental expense. For example: Allow an extra fifteen per cent on the budget for contingencies.

Thus contingency is a potential occurrence of a negative event in the future, such as an economic recession, natural disaster, fraudulent activity, terrorist attack, or a pandemic.

Life is more uncertain than certain. As such life itself is a contingency. Here lies the uniqueness of life rather than unique life. Every sunrise and sun set does not occur in a particular point of time. It varies. Similarly, man does not or cannot awake in fixed time regularly. Also every dawn does not appear with identical message. This variation is liable to influence the movement of any individual.

Man is quite helpless while faces contingency. None likes it. But none can avoid it. An intelligent person can conquer the hurdles and realize his ambition. A dull-headed person fails everywhere thereby suffers from misery of life from cradle to coffin.

The sole intention of a sincere person remains same irrespective of the circumstances as are faced with just like a ship whose movement is being guided by its radar. The storm may change the direction of the ship. But just with the clear weather the ship again follows its pre-assigned course. Similarly, a serious person always thinks to perform his assigned duty within stipulated period of time. Basic thing should be kept unchanged. Aim should be fixed. A good student reads always attentively in all contingent events. But a bad student always shows lame excuses. Both the students are diagonally opposite in their intentions.

There are two types of people. The first category always helps people in danger. He is a Good Samaritan. The

second type always takes advantage of the misfortune of the helpless people. He is an opportunist. A lucky person gets help from the Samaritan. An unlucky person becomes the prey of the opportunist. None knows what is in the lot. In real life only an intelligent person can distinguish between good and bad and decides accordingly which a lay person cannot.

Set theory is a branch of mathematics. There are set and subset. If alphabet is a set then vowel and consonant are subsets of alphabet set.

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If a future suffering is certain then man can take mental preparation to bear it. If a suffering will not happen then it gives mental peace. In the third option if the suffering is uncertain then anxiety is more unbearable than suffering itself. Here ambiguity caused by uncertainty renders life more eventful.

For the uncertain future preparation to combat with the future events as are faced with may or may not be fruitful. It depends upon the personality of the concerned person. Someone is nervous. Someone does not lose heart even in crisis period. This variation is liable to determine the outcome of the concerned person.

A stitch in time saves nine is a caution against life. It is a contingent warning regarding future danger.

If a problem is not readily solved then it either makes the situation more grave or beyond control or both simultaneously. Thus one unsolved problem gives birth to another greater problem and so on. In reality a cautious person takes immediate action of any problem be it small or big it matters nothing. In contrast a callous person neglects to take any step forthwith. The outcome is that the person suffers severely.

In case of dispute if no action is taken by either of the parties then stalemate condition exists. Stalemate condition is dangerous more than a live dispute. It is like a volcano which can erupt at any moment bewildering all around.

In this world there is no certainty. All and everything are pregnant with uncertainty. As such contingency reins the world rendering the life full of thrills.

An adventurous soul hates tediousness of life. Monotony causes him agony. Such a soul loves contingency.

A business man has to think in advance while purchases any goods. He has to judge when to purchase, how much to purchase, from where to purchase and from whom to purchase. Similarly, he has to think more seriously when to sell, how much to sell, where to sell and to whom to sell.

From whom to purchase is important in case of refund of unsold goods and adjustment of value for damaged goods. Similarly, whom to sell is important in case of credit. In both the cases good will matters.

In business sales turnover is influenced by many parameters. Even an experienced business man cannot predict it correctly. A costly product may get better sale. In contrast a cheap product may remain unsold. Sometimes customers may not choose from the present inventory of goods. They may inquire of the product which the businessman did not stock at all.

A good student goes through the whole syllabus. An inattentive student reads only selected chapters. The result is that the good student faces no trouble in answering the questions. The bad student experiences sleepless nights for the contingent questions.

To reach the examination venue a student leaves home early. If he does not start well in advance then he may not reach the venue timely for many reasons. In case of travel an intelligent person takes extra money to meet the unexpected expenditure. This contingent fund offers him confidence. If the traveller faces no problem then this money remains unspent. Now knowing this fact if a person does not take extra money then he cannot reach his destination if he faces any problem during journey.

Probability never becomes zero. Here lies the potentiality regarding occurrence of the negative event in future. The important thing is that the negative force grows abruptly giving birth to further problems rendering the situation quite dangerous and beyond control.

Prediction is a difficult task. A fool cannot predict at all. A wise can predict partly but not fully. Here lies the limitation of man. Full preparation or well-equipped to combat with the uncertain events is more difficult. A fool can do nothing against the future problem. Man does not know the future event. A wise cannot or may not manage always the future situations, as are faced with, for his limitation.

## CONCLUSION

A wise can escape negativity of contingency seldom a lay person. Since the world is infested with lay persons contingency is omnipresent everywhere in every age.

## REFERENCES

They say and hearsay.